

Chromatic Modulation

NAME: _____

I. 1. *Pivot chords involving mixture.* Write the indicated chord, and complete the chord identification below the staff (19%).

a. b. c. d.

IV in E♭ major = ♯VI in G major = V in B♭ major = I in D♭ major =

♭VI in _____ V in _____ _____ in A major _____ in B♭ major

e. f. g.

♭III in F major = ♯VI in B♭ major = ♭II in A major =

♭VI in _____ _____ in C♯ major V in _____

h. i. j.

ii in E major = IV in G♭ major = iv in D major =

_____ in C♯ major ♭II in _____ ii in _____

2. *Pivot chords involving enharmonic reinterpretation.* Write the following pairs of enharmonically equivalent chords, and complete the chord identification below the staff (11%).

a. b. c.

vii^{o7} of F = vii^{o4} of _____ vii^{o7} of G = vii^{o5} of _____ vii^{o6} of D = vii^{o7} of _____

d. e. f.

V7 of _____ = Ger+6 of F V7 of E♭ = Ger+6 of _____ V7 of C = Ger+6 of _____

II. Realize the Roman numerals in SATB.

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1. Note that the first pivot chord is enharmonically reinterpreted (20%).

G min: i Ger⁶ V⁶₄ - ⁵₃ i Ger⁶ **bII⁶** V⁶₄ - ⁵₃ i

A_b: V⁷ I I⁶

2. Place an equal sign between the Roman numerals of the enharmonically equivalent chords (20%).

E: I vii^{⁹⁷} I vii^{⁹⁷} vii^{⁹⁶}/vi V⁴/vi vi V⁵/V V Fr⁶ V⁴⁻³ I

3. Realize the following figured bass in keyboard style, then indicate the keys of the modulations below the staff. Label the technique used (specific chromatic techniques or enharmonic reinterpretation). (30%)

a.

C: ⁶₅ ^{b5}₃ ^{b5}₃ ^{b5}₃ ^{b5}₃ ^{b3} b # #

^{#5}₃ ^{b7}₅ ⁶₅ ^{#6}₄₃ ^{b5}_# ^{b7} ^{#6}₄₃ ^{b5}_#